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# 2011 MICHIGAN FALL TURKEY HUNTER SURVEY

Brian J. Frawley

## **A**BSTRACT

A survey of turkey hunters was conducted following the 2011 fall hunting season to determine turkey harvest and hunter participation. In 2011, 20,906 hunters purchased 22,386 licenses for the fall turkey hunting season, which was 25% lower than in 2010 (30,005 licenses sold in 2010). Most license buyers (95%) purchased a single hunting license. During the 2011 fall hunt, an estimated 15,712 hunters harvested about 4,724 turkeys. Hunter numbers and their hunting effort decreased 24% and 25%, respectively, from 2010. The 2011 harvest decreased 29% from 2010 (6,645 turkeys harvested in 2010). Hunter success was 28% in 2011 (versus 29% success in 2010). About 56% of the hunters in 2011 rated their hunting experience as excellent, very good, or good (versus 59% satisfaction in 2010). The number of hunters, hunting effort, and turkey harvested in 2011 decreased significantly from 2010; however, hunting success and hunter satisfaction did not change significantly from 2010.

# INTRODUCTION

Fall wild turkey (*Meleagris gallopavo*) hunting seasons were implemented in Michigan to help maintain turkey populations at levels matching biological and social carrying capacities. In 2011, 8 management units totaling about 36,078 square miles were open for fall turkey hunting during September 15-November 14 (Figure 1).

People interested in obtaining a turkey hunting license could enter into a random drawing (lottery) conducted by the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) or purchase a license for Hunt 501 without going through the lottery. Applicants could choose one hunt area for the drawing. Any licenses available after the drawing was completed were made available on a first-come, first-served basis to applicants and nonapplicants



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beginning August 29. Licenses were available for five management units (units HA, L, M, W, and YY) after the drawing was completed (Table 1). Hunters could purchase one of these remaining licenses per day until quotas were met.

Licenses for Hunt 407 (Unit HA) and Hunt 501 (Unit YY) were valid on private lands only, while licenses for hunts 401, 402, 403, 404, 405 and 406 (units G, GB, GC, L, M, and W) were valid on either land ownership types (i.e., public or private land). Hunters were allowed to take one turkey of either sex with the harvest tag issued with each license. Turkey could be harvested with a shotgun, crossbow, or archery equipment. Hunters 12-years-old or older could use a crossbow to hunt turkeys. Hunters using a crossbow were required to obtain a free crossbow stamp, except hunters with a disability already hunting under a DNR-issued crossbow permit did not need the stamp.

The Pure Michigan Hunt (PMH) was a unique multi-species hunting opportunity offered for the first time in 2010. Individuals could purchase an unlimited number of applications for the PMH. Three individuals were randomly chosen from all applications, and winners received elk, bear, spring turkey, fall turkey, and antierless deer hunting licenses and could participate in a reserved waterfowl hunt on a managed waterfowl area. The fall turkey hunting licenses were valid for all areas open for hunting turkey.

The Natural Resources Commission and DNR have the authority and responsibility to protect and manage the wildlife resources of the state of Michigan. Harvest surveys are one of the management tools used to meet their statutory responsibility. Estimating harvest, hunting effort, and hunter satisfaction are among the primary objectives of these surveys.

### **METHODS**

The DNR provided hunters the option to voluntarily report information about their turkey hunting activity via the internet. This option was advertised in the hunting regulations booklet, on the DNR website, and in an email message that was sent to licensees that had provided an email address to the DNR. Hunters could report information anytime during the hunting season. Hunters reported whether they hunted, number of days spent afield, and how many turkeys they harvested. Successful hunters also were asked to report where their turkeys were taken (public or private land) and beard length of harvested birds. Birds with a beard <4 inches long were classified as juveniles (<1 year old), while birds with longer beards were adults (≥1 year old) (Kelly 1975). In addition, hunters were asked what type of hunting equipment was used to hunt turkeys and kill turkeys. Finally, hunters rated their overall hunting experience (excellent, very good, good, fair, or poor).

Following the 2011 fall turkey hunting season, a questionnaire was sent to 6,599 randomly selected people that had purchased a turkey hunting license (resident turkey, senior resident turkey, and nonresident turkey licenses) and had not already voluntarily reported harvest information via the internet. Hunters receiving the questionnaire were asked to report the same information that was collected from hunters that reported voluntarily on the internet.

Estimates were calculated using a stratified random sampling design that included 11 strata (Cochran 1977). Strata 1-8 consisted of hunters with licenses for a single management unit ( $N_G$ =96;  $N_{GB}$ =143;  $N_{GC}$ =113;  $N_{HA}$ =1,094;  $N_L$ =661;  $N_M$ =1,058;  $N_W$ =111; and  $N_{YY}$ =16,583). The ninth stratum included hunters obtaining only a Pure Michigan Hunt license (N=2). The tenth stratum consisted of hunters having licenses for multiple management units (N=127). Finally, hunters that had voluntarily reported information about their hunting activity via the internet before the mail survey sample was selected were treated as the eleventh stratum (N=919).

Because estimates were based on information collected from random samples of hunting license buyers, these estimates were subject to sampling errors (Cochran 1977). Thus, a 95% confidence limit (CL) was calculated for each estimate. In theory, this CL can be added and subtracted from the estimate to calculate the 95% confidence interval. The confidence interval is a measure of the precision associated with the estimate and implies the true value would be within this interval 95 times out of 100. Unfortunately, there are several other possible sources of error in surveys that are probably more serious than theoretical calculations of sampling error. They include failure of participants to provide answers (nonresponse bias), question wording, and question order. It is very difficult to measure these biases; thus, estimates were not adjusted for these possible biases.

Statistical tests are used routinely to determine the likelihood that the differences among estimates are larger than expected by chance alone. The overlap of 95% confidence intervals was used to determine whether estimates differed. Non-overlapping 95% confidence intervals was equivalent to stating the difference between the means was larger than would be expected 995 out of 1,000 times, if the study had been repeated (Payton et al. 2003).

Questionnaires were mailed initially during late December 2011, and up to two follow-up questionnaires were mailed to nonrespondents. Although 6,599 people were sent the questionnaire, 64 surveys were undeliverable resulting in an adjusted sample size of 6,535. Questionnaires were returned by 4,788 people, yielding a 73% adjusted response rate. In addition, 919 people voluntarily reported information about their hunting activity via the internet.

# RESULTS

In 2011, the DNR offered 50,053 licenses for sale (versus 52,553 licenses in 2010), and hunters purchased 22,386 licenses (versus 30,005 licenses in 2010) for the fall turkey hunting season (Table 1). A total of 2,220 licenses were purchased by people successful in the drawing, and another 654 leftover licenses were purchased by people that had applied for a hunt in the drawing. In addition, 19,512 licenses were purchased by people that had not entered into the drawing.

The number of licenses sold in 2011 decreased 25% from 2010. The average age of the license buyers was 49 years (Figure 2). About 6% of the license buyers were

younger than 17 years old (1,262). Most license buyers (95%) purchased a single hunting license in 2011 (Figure 3). About 4% of hunters purchased 2 licenses, 1% of hunters purchased 3 licenses, and less than 1% of hunters purchased 4 or more licenses.

The number of people buying a license in 2011 (20,906) increased by about 8% in ten years from 2001 (19,348 people purchased a license in 2001). Although the overall number of license buyers increased during the last ten years, there were fewer license buyers for most age classes between 29 and 47 years of age in 2011, compared to 2001 (Figure 4). However, there were increased hunter numbers among the youngest and oldest age classes in 2011. The increased hunter numbers in the oldest age classes likely represented the rising share of older people in the population as the babyboom generation aged and life expectancies have increased. The increased participation among the youngest hunters likely reflected the lowering of the minimum age requirements. In 2011, hunters had to be at least 10 years old to participate; while the hunters had to be at least 12 years old to participate in 2001.

In 2011, about 15,712 hunters spent 102,866 days afield pursuing turkeys ( $\overline{x}$  = 6.5 ± 0.2 days/hunter) (Tables 2 and 3, Figure 5). The number of people pursuing turkeys in 2011 decreased significantly by 24%, and their hunting effort decreased significantly by 25% from 2010. About 95% of the hunters that went afield were males (14,973 ± 251), 5% of the hunters were females (725 ± 101), and the sex of less than 1% of hunters was unknown (14 ± 1).

About 28% of active hunters successfully harvested a turkey in 2011, and they harvested an estimated 4,724 turkeys (Tables 4 and 5). The number of turkeys harvested decreased significantly by 29% from 2010 (6,645 turkeys harvested in 2010), but hunter success in 2011 was not significantly different from 2010 (Figure 5). Among the 4,329 hunters that took at least one turkey, 94% (4,064  $\pm$  218) of these hunters took one turkey, 4% (184  $\pm$  49) took 2 turkeys, 1% (54  $\pm$  28) took 3 turkeys, and less than 1% took more than 3 turkeys (Figure 6). Hunter success was statistically greater for hunters using private lands than for hunters using public lands in 2011 (28% versus 19%, Table 4).

About 94% (14,821  $\pm$  242) of turkey hunters hunted solely on private land, 4% (617  $\pm$  36) hunted on public land only, and 2% (242  $\pm$  26) hunted on both private and public lands. Additionally, 32  $\pm$  11 hunters hunted on land of unknown ownership. Of the 4,724 turkeys harvested in 2011, 96% of these birds were taken on private land (4,541), while about 4% of the harvest (177) was taken on public land (Table 5). Additionally, 6 birds were harvested from land of unknown ownership. About 58% of the harvested birds had a beard (2,742  $\pm$  206). Most of these bearded birds (86%) were adults (2,349  $\pm$  193); 14% were juvenile birds (393  $\pm$  78).

Of the 15,712 turkey hunters in 2011, nearly 56% rated their hunting experience as either excellent, very good, or good (Table 6). Satisfaction was statistically greater for hunters using private lands than for hunters using public lands (56% versus 49%). Changes in hunter satisfaction between years generally parallel changes in hunter success (Figure 7). Between 2010 and 2011, hunter success was nearly unchanged

(29% in 2010 versus 28% in 2011), and satisfaction was nearly unchanged (59% in 2010 versus 56% in 2011).

Hunter numbers were greatest in Kent, St. Clair, Sanilac, Tuscola, Allegan, and Jackson counties; these counties had more than 550 hunters (Table 7). Harvest was greatest in Jackson, Tuscola, Lapeer, Kent, Ottawa, Allegan, Saginaw, and Calhoun counties; these counties had more than 150 turkeys taken by hunters.

Most hunters (65  $\pm$  1%; 10,265  $\pm$  275 hunters) used shotguns while hunting turkeys, although 27  $\pm$  1% (4,176  $\pm$  222) of the hunters used either a compound, recurve, or long bow and 23  $\pm$  1% (3,626  $\pm$  211) used a crossbow. About 75% (3,540  $\pm$  238) of the harvested turkeys were taken with a shotgun, while 10% (484  $\pm$  85) were taken with either a compound, recurve, or long bow. About 15% (701  $\pm$  103) of harvested turkeys were taken with a crossbow. About 31  $\pm$  2% of the hunters using a shotgun took at least one turkey with their shotgun; 11  $\pm$  2% of hunters using a bow took a turkey; and 19  $\pm$  3% of the hunters using a crossbow harvested a turkey.

About  $68 \pm 3\%$  of the turkey hunters using a crossbow had obtained the crossbow stamp. However,  $83 \pm 2\%$  of the hunters using a crossbow in 2011 had obtained a crossbow stamp during at least one year during 2009-2011.

# **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

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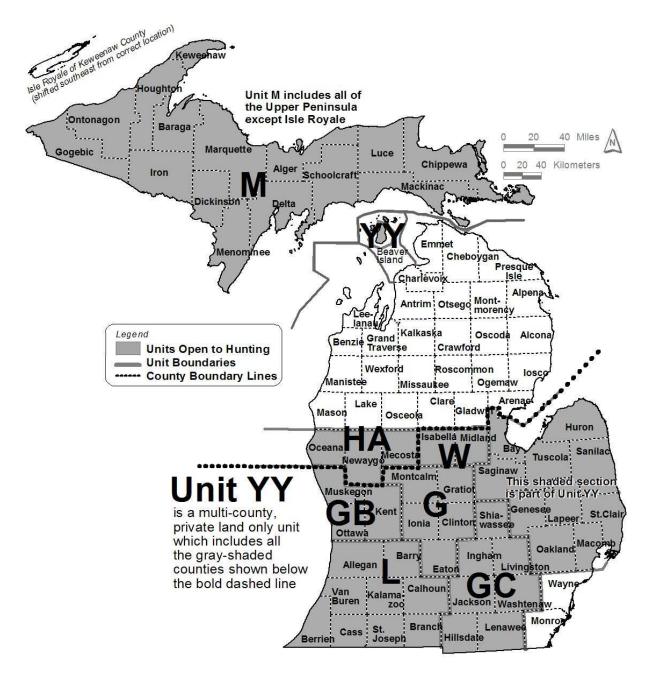


Figure 1. Management units open for fall turkey hunting in Michigan, 2011.

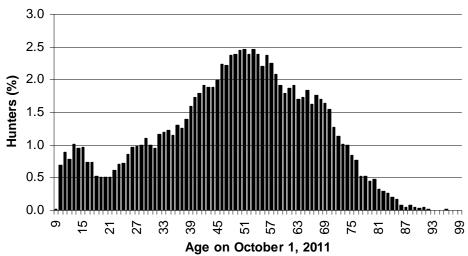


Figure 2. Age of people that purchased a turkey hunting license in Michigan for the 2011 fall hunting season ( $\bar{x}$  = 49 years). Licenses were purchased by 20,906 people.

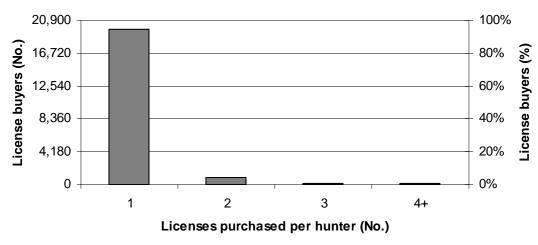


Figure 3. Number of licenses purchased per person for hunting turkey in Michigan during the 2011 fall hunting season.

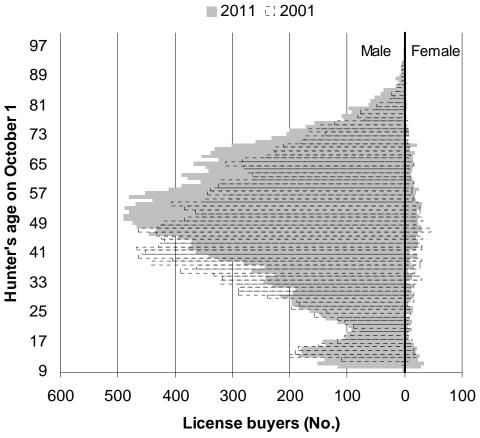


Figure 4. Number of fall turkey hunting license buyers in Michigan by age and sex during 2001 and 2011 hunting seasons. The number of people buying a license was 19,348 in 2001 and 20,906 in 2011.

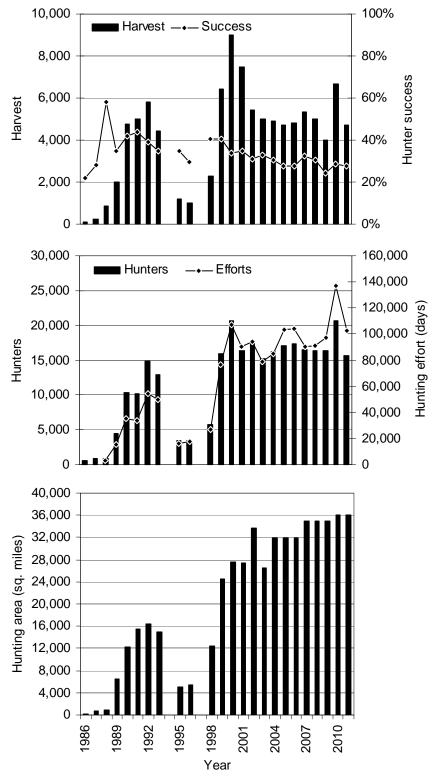


Figure 5. Number of hunters, hunting efforts (days), harvest, hunting success, and hunting area during the fall turkey hunting season, 1986-2011. Turkeys were not hunted during the fall in 1994 and 1997.

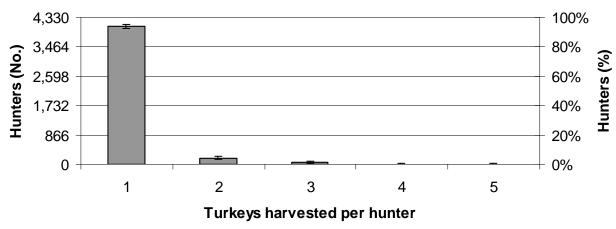


Figure 6. Number of turkeys harvested per successful hunter in Michigan during the 2011 fall hunting season.

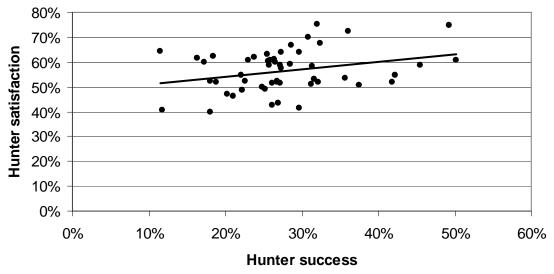


Figure 7. Hunter satisfaction (expressed as the percentage of hunters rating their hunting experience as excellent, very good, or good) associated with hunter success for each of 51 counties in Michigan during the 2011 fall turkey hunting season (included only counties with at least 20 hunters).

Table 1. Number of hunting licenses available and people applying for licenses during the 2011 Michigan fall turkey hunting season.

						Number of	Number of	Number of	
					Number of	licenses	leftover	leftover	
				Number of	licenses	purchased	licenses	licenses	
		Licenses	Number of	applicants	remaining	by	purchased	purchased by	
Manage-		available	eligible	successful in	after	successful	by	people not in	Licenses
ment unit	Hunt	(quota) <sup>a</sup>	applicants	drawing	drawing	applicants	applicants	the drawing	sold
G	401	200	350	200	0	123	0	0	123
GB	402	250	293	250	0	165	0	0	165
GC	403	200	835	200	0	134	0	0	134
$HA^b$	407	1,700	1,110	1,110	590	752	63	473	1,288
L	404	1,000	629	629	371	466	40	290	796
M	405	1,500	685	685	815	468	61	691	1,220
W	406	200	178	178	22	109	4	15	128
$YY^b$	501	45,000	0	0	45,000	0	486	18,043	18,529
Pure MI <sup>c</sup>	$NA^c$	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	3
Statewide	All	50,053	4,080	3,252	46,798	2,220	654	19,512	22,386

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Quotas were assigned by hunts within each management unit.

<sup>b</sup>Licenses were valid on private lands only.

<sup>c</sup>Pure Michigan Hunt. These hunters could hunt in any management unit.

Table 2. Number of hunters during the 2011 Michigan fall turkey hunting season.

Area and		<u> </u>	Land t	ype	idittiilig oodt			
hunting	Priva	ate		ıblic	Unk	nown	All lar	nd types
license	Total	95% CL	Total	95% CL	Total	95% CL	Totala	95% CL
G								
401	42	5	58	5	1	1	93	4
501 <sup>b</sup>	1,283	142	0	0	0	0	1,283	142
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	13	3	2	2	0	0	16	4
Subtotal	1,338	142	60	5	1	1	1,391	142
GB	1,000				•	•	1,001	
402	83	7	62	7	0	0	128	5
501 <sup>b</sup>	1,132	134	0	0	Ö	0	1,132	134
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	21	4	1	1	0	0	21	4
Subtotal	1,235	134	63	7	0	0	1,281	134
GC	1,233	134	03	,	U	U	1,201	134
403	50	5	51	5	0	0	89	5
501 <sup>b</sup>	2,654	194	0	0	0	0	2,654	194
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	9	3	0	0	0	0	9	3
Subtotal	2,713	194	51	5	0	0	2,752	194
HA	000	20	0	0	^	0	000	20
407 b	909	30	0	0	0	0	909	30
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	20	4	0	0	0	0	20	4
Subtotal	929	30	0	0	0	0	929	30
L	~=.				_	_		1.0
404	371	23	263	22	5	4	585	18
501 <sup>b</sup>	2,529	192	0	0	0	0	2,529	192
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	29	4	6	2	1	0	32	5
Subtotal	2,931	193	270	22	6	4	3,147	193
M								
405	576	34	376	32	19	9	838	29
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	5	2	7	3	0	0	12	3
Subtotal	581	34	384	32	19	9	851	30
W								
406	49	5	27	4	1	1	75	5
501 <sup>b</sup>	447	85	0	0	0	0	447	85
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	3	2	4	2	0	0	5	2
Subtotal	500	85	31	5	1	1	527	85
Eastern YY <sup>d</sup>								
501 <sup>b</sup>	4,208	232	0	0	0	0	4,208	232
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	5	2	0	0	0	0	5	2
Subtotal	4,213	232	0	0	0	0	4,213	232
Unknown YY <sup>e</sup>							, -	
501 <sup>b</sup>	925	124	0	0	0	0	925	124
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	10	3	2	2	0	0	10	3
Subtotal	935	124	2	2	Ö	0	935	124
Statewide	300		_	_			300	
Total	15,029	243	862	41	28	10	15,712	241
<sup>a</sup> Number of hunters								

a Number of hunters may not add up to total because hunters could hunt on both private and public lands. b Licenses were valid on private lands only. C Hunters that purchased multiple hunting licenses for multiple hunting areas. d Included Bay, Genesee, Huron, Lapeer, Macomb, Oakland, Saginaw, Sanilac, St Clair, and Tuscola counties within Management Unit YY.

<sup>e</sup>Hunting activity occurred at unknown location within Management Unit YY.

Table 3. Days of hunting effort during the 2011 Michigan fall turkey hunting season.

Area and	or maning	CHOIL GUIII	Land t		Tail taike	y naning 5	cason.	
hunting	Priv	ate		aplic	Unk	nown	All lan	d types
license	Total	95% CL	Total	95% CL	Total	95% CL	Total	95% CL
G	Total	33 % OL	Total	3370 OL	Total	33 /0 OL	Total	33 /0 OL
401	185	30	397	72	0	0	582	72
501 <sup>b</sup>	8,094	1,202	0	0	0	0	8,094	1,202
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	62	1,202	11	9	0	0	73	20
Subtotal	8,340	1,202	408	73	0	0	8,749	1,204
GB	0,340	1,202	400	7.5	U	U	0,749	1,204
402	499	69	355	53	0	0	854	79
501 <sup>b</sup>	6,552	1,114	0	0	0	0	6,552	1,114
	122	27	4	3	0		126	28
Multiple <sup>c</sup> Subtotal	7,173		358	54	0	0 0	7,531	
GC	7,173	1,116	330	34	U	U	1,551	1,117
403	338	45	301	48	0	0	640	59
501 <sup>b</sup>	17,440	1,837	0	0	0 0	0	17,440	1,837
	•	•				0	17, <del>44</del> 0 77	
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	77 47.050	30	0	0	0	0		30
Subtotal	17,856	1,838	301	48	0	0	18,157	1,838
HA 407 <sup>b</sup>	E 002	204	^	0	0	0	E 002	204
	5,803	384	0	0	0	0	5,803	384
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	121	32	0	0	0	0	121	32
Subtotal	5,924	386	0	0	0	0	5,924	386
L	0.000	000	4 570	005	40	4.0	0.040	004
404	2,226	236	1,579	205	13	13	3,818	281
501 <sup>b</sup>	18,544	2,032	0	0	0	0	18,544	2,032
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	175	37	27	12	10	0	213	42
Subtotal	20,948	2,046	1,609	205	23	13	22,579	2,051
M								
405	2,895	273	2,202	275	70	64	5,168	368
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	21	10	41	17	0	0	62	19
Subtotal	2,916	273	2,243	276	70	64	5,230	369
W								
406	296	48	138	28	25	23	460	53
501 <sup>b</sup>	2,530	596	0	0	0	0	2,530	596
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	15	10	34	22	0	0	49	26
Subtotal	2,841	598	172	36	25	23	3,039	599
Eastern YY <sup>d</sup>								
501 <sup>b</sup>	27,000	2,176	0	0	0	0	27,000	2,176
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	22	10	0	0	0	0	22	10
Subtotal	27,022	2,176	0	0	0	0	27,022	2,176
Unknown YY <sup>e</sup>								
501 <sup>b</sup>	4,591	874	0	0	0	0	4,591	874
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	37	17	7	5	0	0	45	18
Subtotal	4,628	874	7	5	0	0	4,636	874
Statewide								
Total <sup>a</sup>	97,648	3,352	5,100	360	118	69	102,866	3,366
<sup>a</sup> Column and row	totals for hun	ting effort ma	v not equal	statewide tota	le hacause	of rounding o	rrore	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Column and row totals for hunting effort may not equal statewide totals because of rounding errors.

<sup>b</sup>Licenses were valid on private lands only.

<sup>c</sup>Hunters that purchased multiple hunting licenses for multiple hunting areas.

<sup>d</sup>Included Bay, Genesee, Huron, Lapeer, Macomb, Oakland, Saginaw, Sanilac, St Clair, and Tuscola counties within Management Unit YY.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>Hunting activity occurred at unknown location within Management Unit YY.

Table 4. Hunting success (proportion of hunters taking at least one turkey) during the 2011

Michigan fall turkey hunting season.

Area and	ikey ilulili	ng season.	Land t	VDE				
hunting	Priv	rate		nplic	Unk	nown	All lar	nd types
license	Total	95% CL	Total	95% CL	Total	95% CL	Total	95% CL
G								
401	17	6	10	3	0	0	14	3
501 <sup>a</sup>	25	5	0	0	0	0	25	5
Multiple <sup>b</sup>	44	13	100	0	0	0	53	12
Subtotal	25	5	14	4	0	0	25	5
GB								
402	28	5	12	5	0	0	24	4
501 <sup>a</sup>	31	6	0	0	0	0	31	6
Multiple <sup>b</sup>	34	9	100	0	0	0	34	9
Subtotal	31	5	14	5	0	0	30	5
GC								
403	17	5	10	4	0	0	15	4
501 <sup>a</sup>	29	4	0	0	0	0	29	4
Multiple <sup>b</sup>	86	12	0	0	0	0	86	12
Subtotal	29	4	10	4	0	0	29	3
HA								
407 <sup>c</sup>	22	3	0	0	0	0	22	3
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	37	10	0	0	0	0	37	10
Subtotal	23	3	0	0	0	0	23	3
L								
404	24	4	19	4	33	36	23	3
501 <sup>a</sup>	26	4	0	0	0	0	26	4
Multiple <sup>b</sup>	50	9	40	19	0	0	50	8
Subtotal	26	3	19	4	28	30	25	3
M								
405	34	4	22	4	22	20	34	3
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	25	19	33	17	0	0	30	13
Subtotal	34	4	22	4	22	20	34	3
W								
406	28	6	23	8	0	0	27	5
501 <sup>a</sup>	31	9	0	0	0	0	31	9
Multiple <sup>b</sup>	64	23	0	0	0	0	47	20
Subtotal	31	8	20	7	0	0	30	8
Eastern YY <sup>c</sup>								
501 <sup>a</sup>	27	3	0	0	0	0	27	3
Multiple <sup>b</sup>	25	19	0	0	0	0	25	19
Subtotal	27	3	0	0	0	0	27	3
Unknown YY <sup>d</sup>								
501 <sup>a</sup>	25	6	0	0	0	0	25	6
Multiple <sup>b</sup>	25	13	50	31	0	0	38	15
Subtotal	25	6	50	31	0	0	25	6
Statewide								
Total	28	1	19	2	22	15	28	1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Licenses were valid on private lands only.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Hunters that purchased multiple hunting licenses for multiple hunting areas.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Included Bay, Genesee, Huron, Lapeer, Macomb, Oakland, Saginaw, Sanilac, St Clair, and Tuscola counties within Management Unit YY.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>Hunting activity occurred at unknown location within Management Unit YY.

Table 5. Number of turkeys harvested during the 2011 Michigan fall turkey hunting season.

Area and		<i>y</i> =	Land t	vpe				
hunting	Priva	ate		ublic	Unk	nown	All lan	d types <sup>a</sup>
license	Total	95% CL	Total	95% CL	Total	95% CL	Total	95% CL
G								
401	7	2	6	2	0	0	13	3
501 <sup>b</sup>	325	73	0	0	0	0	325	73
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	8	3	2	2	0	0	11	3
Subtotal	340	73	8	2	0	0	349	73
GB						-		
402	23	5	8	3	0	0	31	5
501 <sup>b</sup>	375	86	Ö	0	0	0	375	86
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	8	2	1	1	0	0	9	3
Subtotal	406	86	9	3	Ö	Ö	415	86
GC								
403	8	3	5	2	0	0	13	3
501 <sup>b</sup>	854	132	Ö	0	Ö	Ö	854	132
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	10	4	Ö	0	Ö	Ö	10	4
Subtotal	873	132	5	2	0	0	878	132
HA	0.0	102					0.0	102
407 b	211	27	0	0	0	0	211	27
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	12	5	Ö	0	0	0	12	5
Subtotal	223	28	0	0	0	0	223	28
I	220	20		0			220	20
404	93	15	49	11	2	2	144	19
501 <sup>b</sup>	735	135	0	0	0	0	735	135
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	25	6	5	3	0	0	30	8
Subtotal	854	136	54	12	2	2	909	137
M	001	100	01	12			000	107
405	205	27	91	20	4	4	300	32
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	1	1	2	2	0	0	4	2
Subtotal	206	27	94	20	4	4	304	32
W	200		J-1	20	<del></del>		JU-T	32
406	14	4	6	2	0	0	20	4
501 <sup>b</sup>	138	48	0	0	0	0	138	48
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	2	1	0	0	0	0	2	1
Subtotal	154	48	6	2	0	0	160	48
Eastern YY <sup>d</sup>	10-7						100	
501 <sup>b</sup>	1,238	156	0	0	0	0	1,238	156
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	1,200	1	0	0	0	0	1,200	1
Subtotal	1,239	156	0	0	0	0	1,239	156
Unknown YY <sup>e</sup>	1,200	100		0			1,200	100
501 <sup>b</sup>	244	71	0	0	0	0	244	71
Multiple <sup>c</sup>	2	2	1	1	0	0	4	2
Subtotal	246	71	1	1	0	0	247	71
Statewide	240	<i>i</i> 1		1	U	U	441	7 1
Total	4,541	266	177	23	6	5	4,724	267
<sup>a</sup> Column and row to								201

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Column and row totals for hunting effort may not equal statewide totals because of rounding errors.

<sup>b</sup>Licenses were valid on private lands only.

<sup>c</sup>Hunters that purchased multiple hunting licenses for multiple hunting areas.

<sup>d</sup>Included Bay, Genesee, Huron, Lapeer, Macomb, Oakland, Saginaw, Sanilac, St Clair, and Tuscola counties within Management Unit YY.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>Hunting activity occurred at unknown location within Management Unit YY.

Table 6. Proportion of hunters that rated their hunting experience as excellent, very good, or

good during the 2011 Michigan fall turkey hunting season.

Area and		gaa to	Land t					
hunting	Priv	ate		ublic	Unk	nown	All lar	nd types
license	Total	95% CL	Total	95% CL	Total	95% CL	Total	95% CL
G								
401	49	7	57	6	0	0	56	5
501 <sup>a</sup>	58	6	0	0	0	0	58	6
Multiple <sup>b</sup>	72	12	100	0	0	0	77	10
Subtotal	58	5	59	6	0	0	58	5
GB								
402	59	6	64	7	0	0	61	5
501 <sup>a</sup>	64	6	0	0	0	0	64	6
Multiple <sup>b</sup>	58	10	100	0	0	0	58	10
Subtotal	64	5	64	7	0	0	64	5
GC								
403	61	7	53	6	0	0	54	5
501 <sup>a</sup>	64	4	0	0	0	0	64	4
Multiple <sup>b</sup>	71	15	0	0	0	0	71	15
Subtotal	64	4	53	6	0	0	64	4
HA								
407 <sup>a</sup>	47	3	0	0	0	0	47	3
Multiple <sup>b</sup>	49	11	0	0	0	0	49	11
Subtotal	47	3	0	0	0	0	47	3
L								
404	51	4	45	5	50	33	48	3
501 <sup>a</sup>	57	4	0	0	0	0	57	4
Multiple <sup>b</sup>	62	8	60	19	0	0	65	8
Subtotal	57	4	45	5	44	29	56	3
M								
405	52	4	44	5	50	23	51	3
Multiple <sup>b</sup>	25	19	83	13	0	0	60	14
Subtotal	51	4	45	5	50	23	51	3
W				_	_	_		
406	47	7	73	8	0	0	56	5
501 <sup>a</sup>	52	10	0	0	0	0	52	10
Multiple <sup>b</sup>	64	23	67	24	0	0	74	19
Subtotal	52	9	72	8	0	0	53	8
Eastern YY <sup>c</sup>								
501 <sup>a</sup>	54	3	0	0	0	0	54	3
Multiple <sup>b</sup>	75	19	0	0	0	0	75	19
Subtotal	54	3	0	0	0	0	54	3
Unknown YY <sup>d</sup>	40	_		•			40	_
501 <sup>a</sup>	49	7	0	0	0	0	49	7
Multiple <sup>b</sup>	75	13	100	0	0	0	75	13
Subtotal	49	7	100	0	0	0	49	7
Statewide			40		4-	4-	<b>5</b> 0	
Total	56	2	49	3	45	17	56	2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Licenses were valid on private lands only.

bHunters that purchased multiple hunting licenses for multiple hunting areas.
cIncluded Bay, Genesee, Huron, Lapeer, Macomb, Oakland, Saginaw, Sanilac, St Clair, and Tuscola counties within Management Unit YY.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>Hunting activity occurred at unknown location within Management Unit YY.

Table 7. Number of hunters, hunting effort, harvest, hunter success, and hunter satisfaction during the 2011 Michigan fall turkey hunting season, summarized by county.

			Hunting	efforts					Hu	nter
	Hunte	rs <sup>a</sup>	(day	′s) <sup>a</sup>	Har	/est <sup>a</sup>	Hunter s	success	satisf	action <sup>b</sup>
		95%		95%		95%		95%		95%
County	Total	CL	Total	CL	Total	CL	%	CL	%	CL
Alger	65	16	378	122	19	10	26	11	43	13
Allegan	554	85	3,453	746	169	82	23	6	52	8
Baraga	15	8	90	69	4	4	29	24	43	27
Barry	530	82	3,820	869	118	42	20	6	47	8
Bay	118	45	829	415	34	28	24	17	62	19
Berrien	231	55	1,454	433	67	29	28	11	59	12
Branch	304	70	1,982	664	50	28	16	9	62	11
Calhoun	447	83	3,074	765	150	52	32	9	67	9
Cass	284	64	2,125	737	101	51	26	10	61	11
Charlevoix	70	34	236	145	35	24	49	25	75	21
Chippewa	68	16	437	134	15	8	22	10	55	12
Clinton	287	68	1,637	539	76	36	27	11	60	12
Delta	121	21	614	145	48	13	37	9	51	9
Dickinson	102	19	556	136	27	11	25	8	50	10
Eaton	281	68	1,479	439	33	22	11	8	65	12
Genesee	462	87	3,189	775	132	50	25	8	63	9
Gogebic	45	13	258	93	5	4	12	9	40	15
Gratiot	223	58	1,840	619	61	30	27	12	59	13
Hillsdale	365	77	1,891	556	141	64	31	10	70	10
Houghton	12	7	60	48	0	0	0	0	46	29
Huron	316	72	1,673	494	116	54	30	11	42	11

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Number of hunters does not add up to statewide total because hunters can hunt in more than one county. Column totals for hunting effort and harvest may not equal statewide totals because of rounding errors.

<sup>b</sup>Proportion of hunters that rated their hunting experience as excellent, very good, or good.

Table 7 (continued). Number of hunters, hunting effort, harvest, hunter success, and hunter satisfaction during the 2011

Michigan fall turkey hunting season, summarized by county.

			Hunting	efforts					H	unter
	Hunte	Hunters <sup>a</sup>		(days) <sup>a</sup>		Harvest <sup>a</sup>		Hunter success		faction <sup>b</sup>
		95%		95%		95%		95%	·	95%
County	Total	CL	Total	CL	Total	CL	%	CL	%	CL
Ingham	406	81	2,610	701	131	45	32	9	75	8
Ionia	222	59	1,351	473	38	24	17	10	60	13
Iron	121	21	622	151	59	15	45	9	59	9
Isabella	214	55	1,275	379	76	34	36	13	53	13
Jackson	557	94	3,450	790	184	62	30	8	64	8
Kalamazoo	345	66	2,425	647	93	34	26	8	51	10
Kent	631	98	3,250	674	173	51	27	7	64	8
Keweenaw	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lapeer	518	92	3,007	676	178	57	31	8	58	9
Lenawee	387	80	2,687	739	112	50	26	9	59	10
Livingston	493	86	3,271	855	98	41	18	7	62	9
Luce	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mackinac	22	10	93	47	6	5	29	20	67	20
Macomb	156	50	1,064	424	46	31	26	14	61	16
Marquette	79	17	519	178	21	9	27	10	43	11
Mecosta	210	26	1,138	185	50	13	22	6	49	7
Menominee	139	22	718	138	46	14	31	8	51	8
Midland	307	66	1,728	468	82	33	27	9	52	11
Montcalm	415	79	2,415	601	137	47	32	9	52	10
Muskegon	239	55	1,711	596	71	33	27	10	51	12
Newaygo	389	33	2,536	311	88	19	21	4	46	5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Number of hunters does not add up to statewide total because hunters can hunt in more than one county. Column totals for hunting effort and harvest may not equal statewide totals because of rounding errors.

<sup>b</sup>Proportion of hunters that rated their hunting experience as excellent, very good, or good.

Table 7 (continued). Number of hunters, hunting effort, harvest, hunter success, and hunter satisfaction during the 2011 Michigan fall turkey hunting season, summarized by county.

	Hunte	ers <sup>a</sup>	Hunting efforts (days) <sup>a</sup>		Harvest <sup>a</sup>		Hunter success		Hunter satisfaction <sup>b</sup>	
		95%		95%		95%		95%		95%
County	Total	CL	Total	CL	Total	CL	%	CL	%	CL
Oakland	487	89	2,433	559	130	48	25	8	49	9
Oceana	191	26	1,295	243	37	11	18	5	40	7
Ontonagon	51	14	315	111	26	10	50	14	61	14
Ottawa	425	80	2,510	675	170	62	36	9	72	8
Saginaw	461	87	3,189	938	157	57	32	9	53	10
St. Clair	605	99	3,754	824	120	48	19	7	52	8
St. Joseph	193	51	1,747	670	52	30	23	11	61	13
Sanilac	594	98	4,112	928	109	41	18	6	52	8
Schoolcraft	34	11	275	129	14	8	42	17	52	17
Shiawassee	265	66	1,636	587	117	47	42	12	55	12
Tuscola	585	98	3,536	830	184	66	27	8	57	8
Van Buren	349	72	2,366	722	101	41	27	9	52	10
Washtenaw	347	72	2,540	736	94	40	26	9	60	10
Unknown	1,250	128	6,213	901	322	73	24	5	48	5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Number of hunters does not add up to statewide total because hunters can hunt in more than one county. Column totals for hunting effort and harvest may not equal statewide totals because of rounding errors.

<sup>b</sup>Proportion of hunters that rated their hunting experience as excellent, very good, or good.